# SAFETY DATA SHEET



### Section 1. Identification

**GHS** product identifier : CITGO POWER STEERING FLUID with STOP LEAK

**Synonyms** : HYDRAULIC FLUID **Material uses** : Power steering fluid

: 633313001 Code

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

: CITGO Petroleum Corporation Supplier's details

P.O. Box 4689 Houston, TX 77210 sdsvend@citgo.com

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of

operation)

: Technical Contact: (800) 248-4684 Medical Emergency: (832) 486-4700 CHEMTREC Emergency: (800) 424-9300

(United States Only)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status : While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available

for employees and other users of this product.

Classification of the substance or mixture

: Not classified.

**GHS label elements** 

Signal word : No signal word.

**Hazard statements** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Precautionary statements** 

General : Keep out of reach of children.

**Prevention** : Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

: Wash with plenty of soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser. Response

: Store in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Store in a dry place and a closed container. Empty containers may contain material residues which can ignite with explosive force. Misuse of empty containers can be dangerous if used to store toxic, flammable, or reactive materials. Cutting or welding of empty containers can cause fire, explosion, or release of toxic fumes from residues. Do not pressurize or expose empty containers to open flame, sparks, or heat. Keep container closed and drum bungs in place. All label warnings and precautions must be observed. Return empty drums to a qualified reconditioner. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling, or disposing of

empty containers and/or waste residues of this material.

**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

**Storage** 

: None known.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/26/2022 : 5/26/2021 1/11 Date of previous issue Version:5

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: HYDRAULIC FLUID

#### **CAS** number/other identifiers

**CAS number** : Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic		64742-54-7 64742-55-8

<sup>\* =</sup> Various \*\* = Mixture \*\*\* = Proprietary

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation

occurs.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get

medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Skin contact**: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical

personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/26/2022 Date of previous issue : 5/26/2021 Version : 5 2/11

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

# Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides

# Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

# Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

Protective measures
Advice on general

occupational hygiene

- : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/26/2022 Date of previous issue : 5/26/2021 Version : 5 3/11

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Bulk Storage Conditions: Maintain all storage tanks in accordance with applicable regulations. Use necessary controls to monitor tank inventories. Inspect all storage tanks on a periodic basis. Test tanks and associated piping for tightness. Maintain the automatic leak detection devices to assure proper working condition.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist

# Appropriate engineering controls

**Environmental exposure** controls

- Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, vapor controls, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

: Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in industrial settings. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

#### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/26/2022 Date of previous issue : 5/26/2021 Version : 5 4/11

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Avoid skin contact with liquid. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Leather boots are not protective for liquid contact.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, mists or dusts. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied-air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Not available.

Odor : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Boiling point, initial boiling : Not available.

point, and boiling range

Flash point : Open cup: 180°C (356°F)

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure

: Not available.

	Vapo	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Vapor pressure at 50°C			
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method		
Hydrogen chloride	30780.09	4103.7						
ethyl acrylate	30	4						
water	23.8	3.2						
Butene, homopolymer (products derived from either/or But-1-ene/But- 2-ene)	5.1	0.68		13.05	1.7			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	1.5 to 4.5	0.2 to 0.6						
2-ethylhexyl acrylate	0.18	0.024						
phenol	0.15	0.02						
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	<0.08	<0.011	ASTM D 5191					
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	<0.08	<0.011	ASTM D 5191					
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	<0.08	<0.011	ASTM D 5191					
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	<0.08	<0.011	ASTM D 5191					
Phosphoric acid	0.03	0.004						
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol	0.01	0.0013	OECD 104					

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/26/2022 Date of previous issue : 5/26/2021 Version : 5 5/11

#### CITGO POWER STEERING FLUID with STOP LEAK

Alkaryl amine	<0.01	<0.0013	EU A.4	0	0	EU A.4	
dodecyl methacrylate	0	0					

Relative vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 0.8603

Density lbs/gal : 7.16 lbs/gal

Density gm/cm³ : Not available.

Gravity, °API : Estimated 33 @ 60 F

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: Not expected to be Explosive, Self-Reactive, Self-Heating, or an Organic Peroxide under US GHS Definition(s).

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat Rat	>5000 mg/kg 3900 mg/m³	- 4 hours
	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	>2000 mg/kg 5000 mg/kg	-

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic: Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic: Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects.

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/26/2022 Date of previous issue : 5/26/2021 Version : 5 6/11

CITGO POWER STEERING FLUID with STOP LEAK

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Skin : No additional information.Eyes : No additional information.Respiratory : No additional information.

Sensitization

Not available.

Skin : No additional information.

Respiratory : No additional information.

Mutagenicity
Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: No additional information.

**Carcinogenicity** 

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic: In long term studies (up to two

years) no carcinogenic effects have been reported in any animal species tested.

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	None.	-	-

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: No additional information.

Teratogenicity
Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: No additional information.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: No specific data.Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/26/2022 Date of previous issue : 5/26/2021 Version : 5 7/11

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	(	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	(vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ l)
CITGO POWER STEERING FLUID with STOP LEAK Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	247848.8 5000	 N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A

# **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

Not available.

**Mobility in soil** 

Soil/water partition : Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/26/2022 Date of previous issue : 5/26/2021 Version : 5 8/11

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers

### **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Oil: The product(s) represented by this SDS is (are) regulated as "oil" under 49 CFR Part 130. Shipments by rail or highway in packaging having a capacity of 3500 gallons or more or in a quantity greater 42,000 gallons are subject to these requirements. In addition, mixtures containing 10% or more of this product may be subject to these requirements.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted. Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: phenol

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Phosphoric acid; Hydrogen chloride; phenol

This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

#### **SARA 302/304**

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/26/2022 : 5/26/2021 Version:5 9/11 Date of previous issue

## **Section 15. Regulatory information**

			SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
hydrogen chloride Phenol	trace trace	Yes. Yes.	500 500 / 10000	-	5000 1000	-

**SARA 304 RQ** : 180375180375.2 lbs / 81890331890.3 kg [25146038608 gal / 95188110996.5 L]

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Not applicable. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	≤3	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### State regulations

**Massachusetts** : None of the components are listed. **New York** : None of the components are listed. **New Jersey** : None of the components are listed. **Pennsylvania** : None of the components are listed.

#### California Prop. 65 Clear and Reasonable Warnings (2018)

MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph., which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	%	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	<0.1	Yes.	No.	-	-
ethyl acrylate	<0.001	Yes.	No.	-	-

#### **International regulations**

#### **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

#### **Inventory list**

**United States** : All components are listed or exempted. **Australia** : All components are listed or exempted. Canada : All components are listed or exempted.

: Not determined. China **Europe** : Not determined.

: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. **Japan** Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Malaysia : Not determined

**New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted. **Philippines** : All components are listed or exempted. Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted. : All components are listed or exempted. **Taiwan** 

**Thailand** : Not determined. **Turkey** : Not determined. **Viet Nam** : Not determined.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/26/2022 : 5/26/2021 10/11 Version:5 Date of previous issue

### Section 16. Other information

#### **National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Not classified.	

#### **History**

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Date of previous issue : 5/26/2021

Version : 5

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

**UN = United Nations** 

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/26/2022 Date of previous issue : 5/26/2021 Version : 5 11/11